Introduction

The Impact of Maternal Thyroid Diseases on the Developing Fetus: Implications for Diagnosis, Treatment, and Screening. Summary of Proceedings, Workshop Organization, Program, and Participants

Gregory Brent¹ and Coleen A. Boyle²

Introduction

PREGNANCY IS ASSOCIATED with dramatic changes in thyroid function and metabolism in the mother and in the developing fetus. These changes occur in a characteristic sequence and require maternal–fetal interactions at a number of levels. A wide range of clinical observations, clinical studies, epidemiologic investigations, and characterization of *in vitro* and *in vivo* models have pointed to the importance of maternal thyroid status on pregnancy outcomes and fetal development. In a number of clinical studies, maternal hypothyroidism has been associated with adverse pregnancy outcomes, as well as cognitive deficits in the offspring. The mechanism for these effects and the magnitude and duration of maternal hypothyroidism required to see adverse outcomes, however, are not established by current data.

The most prevalent condition worldwide impacting thyroid function in pregnancy and the developing fetus is iodine deficiency. The link between maternal iodine deficiency and mental retardation in the offspring has been known for more than 100 years. A variety of adaptations in pregnancy result in increased nutritional iodine requirements, a condition that makes pregnant women a susceptible population in areas of iodine deficiency or insufficiency. Much progress has been made to improve iodine nutrition, although many areas in the world still have inadequate iodine intake, especially during pregnancy. The assessment of iodine status and the implications of mild deficiency have a significant impact on decisions regarding iodine supplementation during pregnancy and appropriate population standards for iodine intake.

There has been an increasing awareness of the full spectrum of autoimmune hypothyroidism, including an early stage typically characterized by the presence of antithyroid (antithyroperoxidase) antibodies, mild elevation of serum thyrotropin (TSH), and normal range serum free thyroxine concentration, referred to as subclinical hypothyroidism. Several studies have identified potential complications of pregnancy and fetal outcome in pregnant women with this profile. The changes in thyroid function with pregnancy, however, especially in the first trimester, may influence the accuracy of thyroid hormone assays as well as the expected normal range. The decision for the value of screening for thyroid disease in pregnancy is closely related to the ease of diagnosis of this condition, the optimal test to assess thyroid status, the clinical consequences of this profile, and the value of treatment. These issues were a major focus of the workshop.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Center for Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD) in collaboration with the American Thyroid Association held a workshop on January 12–13, 2004 entitled "The Impact of Maternal Thyroid Disease on the Developing Fetus: Implications for Diagnosis, Treatment, and Screening." This workshop was unique in a number of respects. The planning committee, speakers, and participants included endocrinologists, obstetricians, pediatricians, epidemiologists, neuroscientists, laboratory medicine specialists, and other experts from around the world. Considerable time was allocated for discussion and interaction with the hope of identifying areas of agreement, areas of disagreement, and data gaps to recommend future studies.

The goals of the workshop were to:

 Assess the prevalence of thyroid dysfunction in reproductive age women and the factors associated with abnormal function;

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The opinions and findings in this paper are those of the authors and should not be construed as official policies or positions of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

- Examine the evidence on thyroid dysfunction during pregnancy related to adverse fetal and child developmental outcomes;
- Examine the ability to detect and treat maternal thyroid dysfunction; and
- 4. Examine the implications of the above for clinical and public health practice.

The intent of the conference was not to reach a consensus recommendation, but to present the most recent scientific data available, promote an open discussion across a range of relevant disciplines, and develop a strategy to address the remaining areas of uncertainty. A spirit of open intellectual exchange prevailed, recognizing the great progress that has been made in this field, but also making clear the many areas that require further investigation.

The workshop agenda, planning committee, poster session, and a list of invited speakers and other participants are included in Appendices A through D. The proceedings summaries (1–5) were developed by a writing committee^a and reviewed by the meeting participants.

References

- Boyle CA, Ladenson P, Haddow JE 2004 Methods and criteria used for evidence-based decisions in public health. Thyroid 15:41–43.
- Smallridge R, Glinoer D, Hollowell JG, Brent G 2004 Thyroid function inside and outside of pregnancy: What do we know and what don't we know? Thyroid 15:54–59.
- LaFranchi S, Haddow JE, Hollowell JG 2004 Is thyroid inadequacy during gestation a risk factor for adverse pregnancy and developmental outcomes? Thyroid 15:60–71.
- Mandel S, Spencer C, Hollowell JG 2004 Are the detection and treatment of thyroid insufficiency in pregnancy feasible? Thyroid 15:44–53.
- 5. Hollowell JG, Boyle CA, LaFranchi S, Smallridge RC, Spong CY 2004 Hypothyroidism in pregnancy—Where do we go from here? A summary of discussions on thyroid function and gestational outcomes. Thyroid 15:72–76.

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Appendix A. Planning Committee

Hani Atrash, M.D. National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD), Centers for Dis-

ease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Coleen A. Boyle, Ph.D. NCBDDD, CDC

Gregory Brent, M.D. Secretary, American Thyroid Association (ATA)

James E Haddow, M.D. Foundation for Blood Research

Joseph G Hollowell, M.D. Department of Pediatrics, University of Kansas Medical Center

Stephen LaFranchi, M.D. Oregon Health and Sciences University

Cindy Lawler, M.D.

National Istitute of Environmental Health Sciences, National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Maureen Malee, M.D.

Jackson Memorial Hosital, The University of Miami and American College of Obstetrics and

Gynecology

Susan Mandel, M.D. Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania

Robert Smallridge, M.D. Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville

Barbara Smith, C.A.E. ATA

Catherine Y Spong, M.D. National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, NIH

Kevin Sullivan, Ph.D. Emory University and National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion,

CDC

Appendix B. Workshop Agenda

Scientific Workshop on Maternal Thyroid Disease:
"The Impact of Maternal Thyroid Diseases on the Developing Fetus: Implications for Diagnosis, Treatment, and Screening"

January 12–13, 2003 Renaissance Atlanta Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia

Monday—January 12, 2003

8:00 AM Welcome and Introductions Jose Cordero
8:20 AM Workshop Goals, Format, and Rules Coleen Boyle

^aDrs. Coleen Boyle, Gregory Brent, Daniel Glinoer, James Haddow, Joseph Hollowell, Paul Ladenson, Stephen LaFranchi, Susan Mandel, Robert Smallridge, Carole Spencer, and Catherine Spong.

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8:30 am	Methods and Criteria Used for Evidence-Based Decisions in Public Health Methods to Evaluate Scientific Evidence Criteria for Screening Considerations for Public Health Action	l Moderator	Coleen Boyle Paul Ladenson James Haddow Coleen Boyle
9:45 ам	Thyroid Function Outside and During Pregnar What is Normal and What is Not? Normal Thyroid Function in Health Women Dynamics in Pregnancy, Etiology, and Incide of Thyroid Disease Prevalence of Thyroid Dysfunction in Reproducive Age Women—U.S. Population Risk Factors for Thyroid Disease: Autoimmunity and Other Conditions Discussion	Moderator :	Gregory Brent Daniel Glinoer Joseph Hollowell Robert Smallridge Reed Larsen
11:20 ам	Open Discussion		Alex Stagnaro-Green
1:00 pm	Is Thyroid Inadequacy During Gestation a Risl for Adverse Pregnancy and Developmental Gestation Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes Thyroid Physiology in the Fetus Dutch Data New England Data Prospective Study—Wales		James Haddow and Stephen LaFranchi Jorge Mestman Gabriella Morreale de Escobar Victor Pop Robert Klein John Lazarus
3:45 рм	Discussion		Stephen LaFranchi, Kenneth Leveno Joanne Rovet Susan Waisbren
4:30 pm	Open Discussion		
4:30 PM 6:00 PM	Open Discussion Poster Session		
6:00 рм	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible?	ficiency Moderator	Susan Mandel Carole Spencer
6:00 PM Tuesday—	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuf	•	
6:00 PM Tuesday—	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of	Moderator	Carole Spencer
6:00 PM Tuesday— 8:00 AM	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of Hypothyroidism in Pregnancy Discussion: Fetal Outcomes After Treatment of	Moderator	Carole Spencer Susan Mandel Robert Delong
6:00 pm Tuesday— 8:00 am 9:00 am	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of Hypothyroidism in Pregnancy Discussion: Fetal Outcomes After Treatment of Maternal-Fetal Hypothyroidism—Timing	Moderator	Carole Spencer Susan Mandel Robert Delong
6:00 pm Tuesday— 8:00 am 9:00 am	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of Hypothyroidism in Pregnancy Discussion: Fetal Outcomes After Treatment of Maternal-Fetal Hypothyroidism—Timing Open Discussion Where Do We Go from Here—Discussions on Thyroid Function and Gestational Outcomes Charge to Small Groups Group 1 (Peachtree) Group 2 (?) Group 3 (?)	Moderator	Carole Spencer Susan Mandel Robert Delong Rosalind Brown Coleen Boyle Stephen LaFranchi Robert Smallridge Catherine Spong
6:00 pm Tuesday— 8:00 am 9:00 am 10:00 am	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of Hypothyroidism in Pregnancy Discussion: Fetal Outcomes After Treatment of Maternal-Fetal Hypothyroidism—Timing Open Discussion Where Do We Go from Here—Discussions on Thyroid Function and Gestational Outcomes Charge to Small Groups Group 1 (Peachtree) Group 2 (?) Group 3 (?) Group 4 (Georgia Ballroom)	Moderator	Carole Spencer Susan Mandel Robert Delong Rosalind Brown Coleen Boyle Stephen LaFranchi Robert Smallridge Catherine Spong
6:00 pm Tuesday— 8:00 am 9:00 am 10:00 am 10:45 am	Poster Session -January 13, 2003 Are Detection and Treatment of Thyroid Insuff In Pregnancy Feasible? Laboratory Reference Values in Pregnancy Criteria for Diagnosis and Treatment of Hypothyroidism in Pregnancy Discussion: Fetal Outcomes After Treatment of Maternal-Fetal Hypothyroidism—Timing Open Discussion Where Do We Go from Here—Discussions on Thyroid Function and Gestational Outcomes Charge to Small Groups Group 1 (Peachtree) Group 2 (?) Group 3 (?) Group 4 (Georgia Ballroom) Reports from Small Groups	Moderator	Carole Spencer Susan Mandel Robert Delong Rosalind Brown Coleen Boyle Stephen LaFranchi Robert Smallridge Catherine Spong

Appendix C. Posters

Poster Presentations

A PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE INCREASED IODINE NEED DURING PREGNANCY Francois Delange, Bruno deBenoist, Ian Darnton-Hill, and John T. Dunn

B CHILD GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT: INTERVENTIONS IN IODINE DEFICIENCY IN NORTHWEST CHINA

Robert Delong

C MATERNAL ANTITHYROID DRUGS TO PREVENT FETAL HYPERTHYROIDISM Jody Ginsberg and Tammy McNab

D EARLY MATERNAL THYROIDAL INSUFFICIENCY (EMTI) IS A TREATABLE AND PREVENTABLE CAUSE OF NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DEFICITS- IS IT TIME TO SCREEN?

Steven H. Lamm, Cindy J. Goebel, Offie P. Soldin, Joseph G. Hollowell, and Arnold Engel

E PUBLIC HEALTH APPROACH TO PREVENTING HYPOTHYROIDISM IN PREGNANCY-ADEQUATE IODINE NUTRITION

Glen Maberly, Kevin Sullivan, and F. Van der Haar

F EXPERIMENTAL EVIDENCE FAVORING THYROID SCREENING IN EARLY PREGNANCY
Gabriella Morreale de Escobar and colleagues

- G FIRST TRIMESTER INCREASE OF CIRCULATING FT4, A PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSE TO ONSET OF PREGNANCY Gabriella Morreale de Escobar and colleagues
- H PREVALENCE OF POSTPARTUM THYROIDITIS: CLINICAL AND GEOGRAPHIC VARIATION Wanda Nicholson, Paul Ladenson, Robert Smallridge and colleagues
- I LOW CONCENTRATIONS OF MATERNAL THYROXIN DURING EARLY GESTATION: A RISK FACTOR OF BREECH PRESENTATION?

Victor J.M. Pop

J VISUAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE OFFSPRING OF WOMEN WITH TREATED HYPOTHYROIDISM DURING PREGNANCY

Joanne Rovet

K T4 AND T3 IN PREGNANCY REFERENCE RANGES USING ISOTOPE DILUTION TANDEM MASS SPECTROMETRY Office Soldin and colleagues

L THE THYROID AND PREGNANCY: A NOVEL RISK FACTOR FOR VERY PRETERM DELIVERY Alex Stagnaro-Green and colleagues

M THYROID HORMONE (TH) ACTION IN THE FETAL RAT BRAIN AND EFFECTS OF ENDOCRINE DISRUPTERS ON TH SIGNALING

R. Thomas Zoeller and colleagues

Appendix D. Speakers and Other Participants

Workshop Speakers and Participants

Marilee C. Allen, M.D. Professor of Pediatrics

The Johns Hopkins School of Medicine, Baltimore, Maryland

Hani Atrash, M.D. National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD),

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, Georgia

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Gary Cunningham, M.D. Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology, University of Texas, Southwestern Medical

Center, Dallas, Texas

Robert DeLong, M.D. Professor of Pediatrics, Duke University Medical Center, Durham, North Carolina

John Dunn, M.D. Professor of Medicine, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Virginia Thomas P. Foley, Jr, M.D. Professor of Pediatrics, Univ of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Jody Ginsberg, M.D. University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada

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Daniel Glinoer, M.D., Ph.D. Department of Internal Medicine, University Hospital St. Pierre, Brussels, Belgium

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Paul Ladenson, M.D. Professor of Medicine, Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Baltimore,

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Stephen LaFranchi, M.D. Professor of Pediatrics, Oregon Health and Sciences University, Portland, Oregon

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Glen Maberly, M.D. Rollins School of Public Health, Emory University, Atlanta, Georgia

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Micah Milton, M.P.H. NCBDDD, CDC

Marvin Mitchell, M.D.

New England Newborn Screening Program, Boston, Massachusetts

Gabriella Morreale de Escobar

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Professor of Pediatrics, The Hospital For Sick Children, Toronto, Canada

Robert Smallridge, M.D. Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville, Florida

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Carole Spencer, Ph.D. Professor of Medicine, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California
Catherine Spong, M.D. Chief Pregnancy and Perinatal Branch, National Institute on Child Health and

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